



# UK Competitiveness Index 2013

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# UK Competitiveness Index 2013



1. This 2013 edition of the *UK Competitiveness Index* (UKCI) represents a benchmarking of the competitiveness of the UK's localities, including its cities.
2. Overall, localities in London (boroughs) account for the top nine most competitive places in Britain, headed by some distance by the City of London, and followed by Westminster, Camden, and Southwark. The index score for the City of London, which has risen by 85.2 points between the two periods, indicates that it has become increasingly important to the UK's competitiveness in recent years.
3. The biggest climber since 2010 is the relatively small locality of Rossendale in the North West of England. Greenwich and Barking and Dagenham are the next biggest climbers, forming part of five localities from the Greater South East of London within the top ten climbers.
4. At the top of the city rankings is Cambridge, which moves up three places from its 2010 ranking and surpasses St Albans, which falls four places to 5<sup>th</sup>. Amongst those cities that have improved their position, the most notable is Manchester, which has risen from 16<sup>th</sup> position in 2010 to 10<sup>th</sup> place in 2013.
5. A number of England's largest cities – including Bristol, Leeds, Nottingham, Newcastle, Birmingham, and Liverpool – have seen their position improve, suggesting a continued urban renaissance in these core cities. In Scotland, Glasgow has also improved from 23<sup>rd</sup> position in 2010 to 16<sup>th</sup> in 2013. In Wales, however, Cardiff has fallen from 17<sup>th</sup> to 24<sup>th</sup> position.
6. From a regional perspective, localities in London and South East England lead the way, followed by the East of England. Localities in London have shown by far the greatest relevant improvement, rising by 3 points. Apart from localities in London, only those in the North West of England show any overall improvement.
7. In the case of the devolved administrations, localities in both Scotland and Wales fail to show any overall progress, and are continuing to lose ground.
8. The least competitive locality in Britain is Blaenau Gwent in the South Wales valleys, which has continued to see an erosion of its competitiveness. Blackpool is the lowest ranked locality in England, followed by another coastal locality in the form of Gosport in South East England. In Scotland, the lowest ranked locality is North Ayrshire, which has seen a significant fall in its competitiveness during the period.
9. The biggest fallers from the 2010 index are Rushcliffe in the East Midlands (dropping 128 places), followed by Harlow in the East of England (dropping 127 places) and South Staffordshire in the West Midlands (dropping 126 places).
10. In England, the Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP) areas in the Greater South East of England are by far the most competitive, led by the Thames Valley Berkshire LEP area, followed by the London LEP area and the Enterprise M3 LEP area (comprising of those localities situated near and along the M3 motorway).
11. At the bottom of the LEP area rankings are the post-industrial urban economies of the more northern parts of England, with the least competitive being the Black Country LEP area, followed by the Liverpool City Region and the North Eastern LEP area.
12. Change between the 2010 and 2013 indices suggest continuing economic divergence across Britain, with the standard deviation in scores across all localities increasing from 32.8 to 36.9.



# UK Competitiveness Index 2013

This report represents the 2013 edition of the *UK Competitiveness Index* (UKCI), which was first introduced and published in 2000. The UKCI provides a benchmarking of the competitiveness of the UK's localities<sup>1</sup>, and it has been designed to be an integrated measure of competitiveness focusing on both the development and sustainability of businesses and the economic welfare of individuals. In this respect, competitiveness is considered to consist of the capability of an economy to attract and maintain firms with stable or rising market shares in an activity, while maintaining stable or increasing standards of living for those who participate in it.

The above definition makes clear that competitiveness is not a zero-sum game, and does not rely on the shifting of a finite amount of resources from one place to another. Competitiveness involves the upgrading and economic development of all places together, rather than the improvement of one place at the expense of another. However, competitiveness does involve balancing the different types of advantages that one place may hold over another, i.e. the range of differing strengths that the socio-economic environment affords to a particular place compared to elsewhere.

This report publishes competitiveness indices that incorporate the most up-to-date data available in 2013, as well as an updated version of the indices presented in the 2010 report, which provides a means of comparison and an examination the UK's changing competitiveness landscape.

The following sections of the report present an analysis of some of the key findings the 2013 UKCI. For those readers interested in the score and rank of a particular locality or localities they may wish to refer directly to Appendix 1, which provides a ranked order list of all localities, and/or Appendix 2, which ranks localities within their relevant regional grouping.

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<sup>1</sup> The UKCI previously benchmarked the UK's regions but these are now included in a new World Competitiveness Index of Regions to be published in 2014, which covers more than 500 regions globally. It should be noted that although the term 'UK' is used, due to lack of compatible data localities from Northern Ireland are excluded from the index.





# UK Competitiveness Index 2013



The aim of the UKCI is to assess the relative economic competitiveness of regions and localities in the UK by constructing a single index that reflects, as fully as possible, the measurable criteria constituting place competitiveness. The UKCI consider that the competitiveness of localities and the competitiveness of firms to be interdependent concepts. Measuring such competitiveness, however, is no easy matter and, as indicators of national competitiveness have shown, cannot be reduced solely to notions of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and productivity.

Similarly, place competitiveness cannot be measured by ranking any one variable in isolation, since it is the result of a complex interaction between input, output, and outcome factors. Clearly, not all of these factors are readily measurable, given that as well as consisting of economic variables, they also include political, social and cultural parameters. However, since the focus of the UKCI is on relative competitive performance within the UK, the assumption can be made that these factors will have an identifiable effect on key economic measures. For example, the cultural differences between a traditional manufacturing economy and a knowledge-based economy should have an obvious bearing on their relative economic performance.

The key concern with the design process of the UKCI is to develop a series of indices incorporating data that are available and comparable at the local level, and that go some way towards reflecting the link between macro-economic performance and innovative business behaviour. Consideration also has to be given to the overall 'value' of indicators, and their relative effectiveness as performance measures. In particular, the interrelationships between the 'measure-chain' of inputs, outputs and outcomes, and the underlying ability of the index to be updated as frequently as possible, are of major significance.

Given the methodological parameters, a number of different modes of creating the index, and the variables to be included, have been considered. After testing, the 3-Factor model for measuring competitiveness as shown in Figure 2.01 is adopted. The 3-Factor model consists of a linear framework for analysing competitiveness based on: (1) input; (2) output; and (3) outcome factors.

In order to achieve a valid balance between each of the indicators, in terms of their overall significance to the composite index, each of the three measures - Measure 1: Inputs; Measure 2: Output; and Measure 3: Outcomes - are given an equal weighting, since it is hypothesised that each will be interrelated and economically bound by the other.<sup>2</sup>

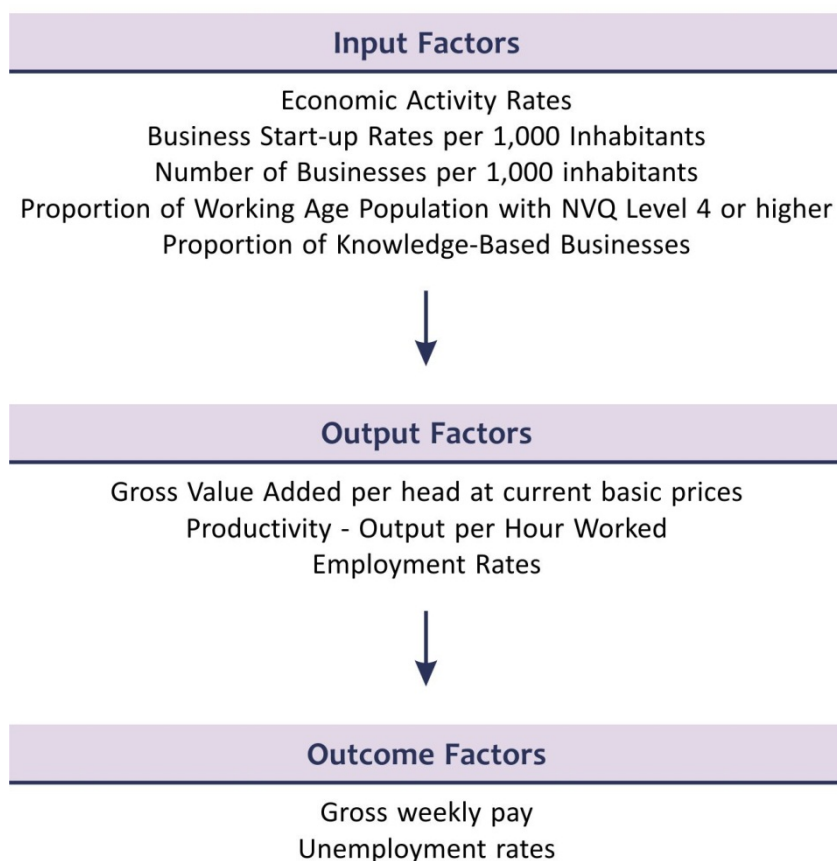
For each measure an index is calculated with a UK average base of 100, and the distribution range for each measure calculated (in the case of unemployment rates these values are inverted). As expected, it is found that some of the ranges have both a skewed and a long distribution range, the result being that these variables would have an overly strong influence on the composite index. Therefore, each datum is transformed into its logarithmic form to produce distributions that are closer to the 'normal' curve, and that dampen out extreme values so that no single variable distorts the final composite score.

It is the case that the untransformed values are no more real or 'natural' than the transformed ones. However, in order to reflect as far as possible the scale of difference in place competitiveness, the composite scores are 'anti-logged' through exponential transformation. This is achieved by calculating the exponential difference between the mean logged and un-logged index of the fifty localities nearest the overall UK mean of 100. This resulted in a mean exponential difference slightly less than the cubed-mean of the logged index. For example, a logged index of 104 produced an unlogged index of approximately 112.5 ( $104^3$  divided by  $100^2$ ) and a logged index of 90 an unlogged index of approximately 73 ( $90^3$  divided by  $100^2$ ).

Therefore, bearing in mind the aim of producing a frequently repeatable index, the exponential cube transformation approach is adopted. Given the above criteria and methodology, a composite competitiveness index is calculated for localities in the UK.

<sup>2</sup> Huggins, R. (2003) 'Creating a UK Competitiveness Index: Regional and Local Benchmarking', *Regional Studies*, Vol. 37.1, pp. 89-96.

**Figure 2.01:** The 3 Factor Model Underlying the UK Local Competitiveness Index



Local district and authority area level GVA estimates are produced by assuming that the productivity within the corresponding NUTS 3 areas (within which they are situated and for which there is published GVA data) is the same as that for the smaller local areas. The estimates are calculated by multiplying NUTS 3 productivity (expressed as output per worker) by the number of workers within an area. This produces a total output figure from which output per head is calculated by dividing total output by total population.

Output per head = (NUTS 3 productivity\*District Employment) /District Population.

In total, 379 local areas are benchmarked across the 11 regions of Great Britain.



As shown by Table 3.01, localities in London account for the top nine most competitive places in Britain, headed by some distance by the City of London, and followed by Westminster, Camden, and Southwark. The only non-London locality to feature in the top ten, is nearby Windsor and Maidenhead. The most obvious feature of Table 3.01 is the large growth in the index score for the City of London, which has risen by 85.2 points between the two periods. Clearly, this improvement is relative to other localities across the UK, but it suggests that Britain's capacity and capability to grow has become more reliant and dependent than ever on the City.

The City of London's score of 773.6 is the highest achieved since the UKCI was first published, with the previous highest being 744.2 in 1997. The underlying trend, therefore, appears to be that the City is becoming a more important source of competitiveness and future growth for the British economy as a whole. More generally, the change in the indices suggest continuing economic divergence across Britain, with the standard deviation in scores across all localities increasing from 32.8 on the 2010 index to 36.9 on the 2013 index.

**Table 3.01:** UKCI 2010 and 2013 top 10 localities (UK=100)

Rank 2013	Locality	Region	UKCI		Rank 2010	Change 2010 - 2013	
			2013	2010		UKCI	Rank
1	City of London	London	773.6	688.4	1	+85.2	0
2	Westminster	London	203.4	202.5	2	+0.9	0
3	Camden	London	160.0	160.9	3	-0.9	0
4	Southwark	London	145.1	125.1	10	+20.0	+6
5	Kensington and Chelsea	London	141.1	133.6	7	+7.5	+2
6	Hammersmith and Fulham	London	140.0	141.0	4	-1.0	-2
7	Islington	London	131.6	137.5	5	-5.8	-2
8	Tower Hamlets	London	131.2	137.1	6	-5.9	-2
9	Wandsworth	London	126.5	129.1	8	-2.6	-1
10	Windsor and Maidenhead	South East	123.6	125.4	9	-1.7	-1

At the other end of the scale to the City, the least competitive locality is Blaenau Gwent in the South Wales valleys, which has continued to see an erosion of its competitiveness, and is one of four Welsh localities ranked in the bottom ten places (Table 3.02). The fact that all four have seen a drop in their competitiveness score suggests that devolution in Wales has done very little to improve economic prospects. Blackpool is the lowest ranked locality in England, followed by another coastal locality in the forms of Gosport in South East England. In Scotland, the lowest ranked locality is North Ayrshire, which has seen a significant fall in its competitiveness during the period.

**Table 3.02:** UKCI 2010 and 2013 bottom 10 localities (UK=100)

Rank 2013	Locality	Region	UKCI		Rank 2010	Change 2010 - 2013	
			2013	2010		UKCI	Rank
379	Blaenau Gwent	Wales	71.7	73.4	379	-1.7	0
378	Caerphilly	Wales	78.5	79.0	376	-0.5	-2
377	Blackpool	North West	79.4	79.6	374	-0.2	-3
376	Torfaen	Wales	80.3	80.6	373	-0.2	-3
375	Gosport	South East	80.6	90.0	281	-9.5	-94
374	Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	Wales	80.6	81.6	370	-1.0	-4
373	North Ayrshire	Scotland	81.0	85.6	342	-4.6	-31
372	Redcar and Cleveland	North East	81.1	80.7	372	+0.5	0
371	Knowsley	North West	81.2	78.5	377	+2.7	+6
370	Walsall	West Midlands	81.4	84.1	352	-2.7	-18



Table 4.01 highlights those localities that have most improved their competitiveness ranking between the 2010 and 2013 indices. The biggest climber is the relatively small locality of Rossendale in the North West of England. Interestingly, Rossendale is best known for being the home of a significant number of artists and their studios, and is perhaps a good example of how creativity can drive competitiveness in more rural economies. Greenwich and Barking and Dagenham are the next biggest climbers, forming part of five localities from the Greater South East of London within the top ten climbers.

**Table 4.01:** UKCI top 10 ranking climbers (UK=100)

Rank 2013	Locality	Region	UKCI		Rank 2010	Change 2010 - 2013	
			2013	2010		UKCI	Rank
181	Rossendale	North West	95.2	87.2	324	8.1	+143
108	Greenwich	London	101.2	94.7	211	6.4	+103
219	Barking and Dagenham	London	93.3	87.2	322	6.1	+103
132	Forest Heath	East of England	99.0	93.2	233	5.8	+101
75	Fareham	South East	105.6	97.2	174	8.3	+99
187	Bassetlaw	East Midlands	95.0	90.0	285	5.0	+98
105	Newham	London	101.5	95.7	196	5.8	+91
260	Torridge	South West	91.2	85.6	341	5.6	+81
211	Allerdale	North West	93.6	89.6	291	4.0	+80
151	Kettering	East Midlands	97.5	93.6	229	3.9	+78

On the other hand, the biggest fallers are Rushcliffe in the East Midlands (dropping 128 places), followed by Harlow in the East of England (dropping 127 places) and South Staffordshire in the West Midlands (dropping 126 places) (Table 4.02).

**Table 4.02:** UKCI 10 largest ranking fallers (UK=100)

Rank 2013	Locality	Region	UKCI		Rank 2010	Change 2010 - 2013	
			2013	2010		UKCI	Rank
251	Herefordshire, County of	West Midlands	91.5	97.7	167	-6.2	-84
221	High Peak	East Midlands	93.2	100.0	134	-6.8	-87
247	Sutton	London	91.6	98.4	158	-6.8	-89
325	Gedling	East Midlands	85.8	93.2	235	-7.3	-90
191	Highland	Scotland	94.8	103.7	97	-8.9	-94
375	Gosport	South East	80.6	90.0	281	-9.5	-94
243	Blaby	East Midlands	91.8	101.0	127	-9.2	-116
334	South Staffordshire	West Midlands	85.3	94.8	208	-9.5	-126
234	Harlow	East of England	92.1	103.2	107	-11.1	-127
222	Rushcliffe	East Midlands	93.2	104.1	94	-10.9	-128



# UK Competitiveness Index 2013



Table 5.01 ranks those larger localities (populations of more than one hundred thousand people) of the UK designated as cities (excluding London, for which the UKCI benchmarks its constituent borough areas).<sup>3</sup> At the top of the rankings is Cambridge, which moves up three places from its 2010 ranking and surpasses St Albans, which falls four places to 5<sup>th</sup>. Aberdeen and Winchester maintain their 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> spots, respectively, whilst amongst those cities that have improved their position the most notable is Manchester, which has risen from 16<sup>th</sup> position in 2010 to 10<sup>th</sup> place in 2013. Indeed, a number of England's largest cities – including Bristol, Leeds, Nottingham, Newcastle, Birmingham, and Liverpool – have seen their position improve, suggesting a continued urban renaissance in these core cities. In Scotland, Glasgow has improved from 23<sup>rd</sup> position in 2010 to 16<sup>th</sup> in 2013. In Wales, however, Cardiff has fallen from 17<sup>th</sup> position to 24<sup>th</sup>.

**Table 5.01:** City UK Competitiveness Index 2013 (UK=100)

City Rank 2013	Locality	City Rank 2010	2010 Index Score	2013 Index Score
1	Cambridge	4	113.0	119.8
2	Aberdeen City	2	116.2	118.4
3	Winchester	3	115.2	115.5
4	Edinburgh, City of	5	109.8	114.7
5	St Albans	1	116.4	112.3
6	Chichester	9	105.0	110.1
7	Bristol, City of	8	105.6	109.7
8	Oxford	6	106.6	109.5
9	Brighton and Hove	7	105.8	103.9
10	Manchester	16	99.1	102.7
11	Chelmsford	10	103.7	102.7
12	Derby	13	99.9	102.3
13	Norwich	11	101.9	101.1
14	Exeter	12	101.1	100.5
15	Poole	14	99.6	100.0
16	Glasgow City	23	96.4	99.8
17	York	18	99.0	99.4
18	Leeds	21	97.6	98.4
19	Gloucester	22	96.9	97.4
20	Portsmouth	25	95.2	97.1
21	Preston	20	98.4	97.0
22	Lewes	19	98.6	96.3
23	Nottingham	27	94.1	96.1
24	Cardiff	17	99.0	95.4
25	Newcastle upon Tyne	28	94.0	95.0
26	Peterborough	15	99.3	94.8
27	Southampton	29	92.6	94.7
28	Coventry	24	95.8	93.5
29	Leicester	33	91.9	93.3
30	Salford	26	94.4	92.4
31	Birmingham	36	89.5	92.4

<sup>3</sup> Chester is not included given its absorption into the larger Unitary Authority area of West Cheshire and Chester, nor is the new city of Perth, which forms part of the wider Perth and Kinross local area.

32	Lancaster	32	92.2	91.7
33	Carlisle	35	90.5	91.6
34	Sheffield	31	92.2	91.3
35	Newport	30	92.6	90.8
36	Liverpool	40	87.8	90.7
37	Dundee City	34	91.7	89.6
38	Plymouth	37	88.5	89.2
39	Wakefield	39	88.1	87.8
40	Wolverhampton	41	87.5	87.6
41	Bradford	38	88.3	86.3
42	Swansea	42	86.5	84.4
43	Kingston upon Hull, City of	44	82.2	84.3
44	Stoke-on-Trent	45	82.0	83.6
45	Sunderland	43	84.2	82.8

Table 5.02 shows the competitiveness of localities based on the extent to which they are urban or rural in nature. It is clear that major urban localities continue to be the most competitive, and are the only localities on average performing above the UK average. However, the next most competitive band of localities are those with significant rural tracts or at least 50% of the population living in a rural area. This suggests that many smaller urban areas and cities remain below the average competitiveness level, which is borne out by Table 5.01 above, which shows that less than one-third of cities (with the exception of London) are performing above the UK average.

**Table 5.02:** UKCI index and rank by rural/urban nature of localities (UK=100)

	UKCI		Rank		Change 2010 - 2013	
	2010	2013	2010	2013	UKCI	Rank
Major Urban	111.9	113.2	163	155	+1.3	+7
Large Urban	95.0	94.0	218	221	-1.0	-3
Other Urban	94.2	93.7	229	225	-0.6	+4
Significant Rural	98.7	97.2	178	182	-1.5	-4
Rural-50	98.9	96.9	169	183	-1.9	-14
Rural-80	97.5	96.7	182	177	-0.8	+6

Table 6.01 highlights the average scores and ranks for localities based on their regional location. Localities in London and South East England lead the way, followed by the East of England. The most interesting feature of Table 6.01 is the mean average change in score across the two periods, which highlights that localities in London have shown by far the greatest relevant improvement, rising by 3 points.

Apart from localities in London, only those in the North West of England show any improvement overall, rising by 0.3 points, suggesting that the economic promise generated during the time of the North West regional development agency has not fully dissipated. In the case of the devolved administrations, localities in both Scotland and Wales fail to show any overall progress, and are actually continuing to lose ground.

Whilst there is further divergence in competitiveness across Britain as a whole, within regions there are patterns of both convergence and divergence. The biggest signs of increased divergence occurs in London and Scotland, and to a lesser extent South East England. South West England, Wales, and the West Midlands are the most marked in terms of convergence across localities.

**Table 6.01:** Average UKCI score and rank by region (UK=100)

	UKCI		Rank		Average Change	
	2010	2013	2010	2013	UKCI	Rank
London	132.0	135.0	85	76	+3.0	+9
North West	91.7	92.0	253	238	+0.3	+16
West Midlands	94.2	91.9	223	240	-2.3	-17
East Midlands	94.3	92.8	221	225	-1.6	-4
East of England	100.1	98.6	157	161	-1.5	-4
Yorkshire and Humber	92.9	91.8	240	239	-1.1	0
South West	97.4	96.3	178	178	-1.1	0
Wales	87.4	86.4	300	304	-1.0	-4
Scotland	94.6	93.7	222	225	-0.9	-3
South East	105.4	104.7	111	111	-0.7	+1
North East	86.6	86.8	317	309	0.2	+8





# UK Competitiveness Index 2013

From the perspective of England, it is interesting to map the competitiveness scores for localities on to LEP area boundaries. As show by Table 7.01, LEP areas in the Greater South East of England are by far the most competitive, led by the Thames Valley Berkshire LEP area, and followed by the London LEP area and the Enterprise M3 LEP area (comprising of those localities situated near and along the M3 motorway).

In general, LEP areas in the south of England dominate the rankings, and apart from the Cheshire and Warrington LEP area, are the only ones performing above the UK average. At the bottom of the ranking are the post-industrial urban economies of the more northern parts of England, with the least competitive being the Black Country LEP area, followed by the Liverpool City Region and the North Eastern LEP area.

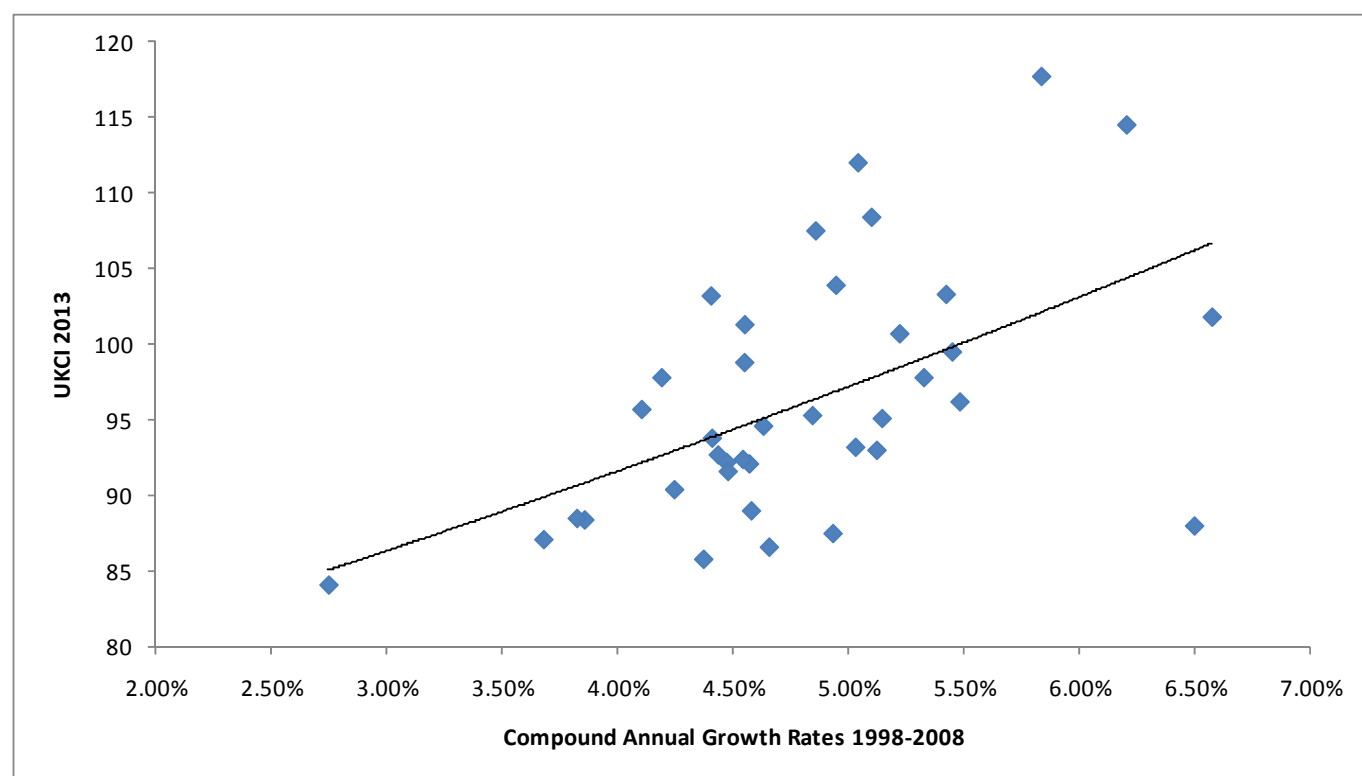
**Table 7.01:** UKCI by English Local Enterprise Partnership Areas (UK=100)

Rank 2013	Local Enterprise Partnership Area	2013	2010	Rank 2010	Change 2010-2013 UKCI	Rank
1	Thames Valley Berkshire	117.7	118.9	1	-1.3	0
2	London	114.5	114.9	2	-0.5	0
3	Enterprise M3	112.0	111.3	4	0.7	1
4	Buckinghamshire Thames Valley	111.2	114.1	3	-2.8	-1
5	Hertfordshire	108.4	110.4	5	-2.0	0
6	Oxfordshire LEP	107.5	108.4	6	-1.0	0
7	Coast to Capital	103.9	104.7	7	-0.8	0
8	West of England	103.3	104.3	8	-1.0	0
9	Cheshire and Warrington	103.2	103.3	9	-0.2	0
10	Greater Cambridge & Greater Peterborough	101.8	103.2	10	-1.4	0
11	Gloucestershire	101.3	102.5	13	-1.3	2
12	South East Midlands	100.7	102.9	11	-2.2	-1
13	Solent	99.5	98.4	16	1.1	3
14	Swindon and Wiltshire	98.8	102.8	12	-4.0	-2
15	Coventry and Warwickshire	97.8	101.2	14	-3.4	-1
16	Northamptonshire	97.8	99.5	15	-1.7	-1
17	Dorset	96.2	97.6	18	-1.4	1
18	Cumbria	95.7	94.1	23	1.7	5
19	Leicester and Leicestershire	95.3	96.2	20	-0.9	1
20	South East	95.1	96.4	19	-1.3	-1
21	York and North Yorkshire	94.6	97.8	17	-3.2	-4
22	Worcestershire	93.8	96.0	21	-2.1	-1
23	New Anglia	93.2	94.0	24	-0.8	1
24	Heart of the South West	93.0	93.3	26	-0.3	2
25	Greater Birmingham and Solihull	92.7	91.9	29	0.8	4
26	Leeds City Region	92.4	93.0	27	-0.6	1
27	Greater Manchester	92.2	92.9	28	-0.6	1
28	Derby, Derbyshire, Nottingham and Nottinghamshire	92.1	93.7	25	-1.6	-3
29	The Marches	91.6	94.3	22	-2.7	-7
30	Lancashire	90.4	90.2	31	0.2	1
31	Greater Lincolnshire	89.0	89.1	33	0.0	2
32	Stoke-on-Trent and Staffordshire	88.5	90.5	30	-2.0	-2
33	Humber	88.4	89.5	32	-1.1	-1
34	Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly	88.0	88.7	34	-0.7	0

35	Sheffield City Region	87.5	88.1	35	-0.6	0
36	Tees Valley	87.1	85.9	37	1.2	1
37	North Eastern	86.6	87.5	36	-0.9	-1
38	Liverpool City Region	85.8	85.5	38	0.3	0
39	Black Country	84.1	84.9	39	-0.8	0

Although LEPs are relatively new incarnations, it is possible to trace the performance of LEPs areas prior to the establishment of the actual LEP partnerships. Figure 7.01 plots the annual average growth rates of the LEP areas for the period 1998-2008 against current competitiveness scores as means of assessing the extent to which previous growth in output is connected with the current competitiveness as a proxy of future growth capabilities. Unsurprisingly, there is a very strong relationship, which highlights the path dependent nature of local economic development, with those LEP areas that have witnessed the greatest growth in previous years seemingly the best placed to grow economically in the future.

**Figure 7.01:** Relationship Between UKCI Scores and Gross Value Added Annual Growth Rates for English Local Enterprise Partnership Areas





So what trends can be garnered from the above analysis, and to what can these be attributed? The clearest trend is the increased concentration of Britain's economic competitiveness and growth capacity within London, in particular the City. Previously, especially during the period following the introduction of the RDAs in England, competitiveness had begun to be more evenly spread across the regions incorporating the Greater South East as a whole. However, since then a number of localities in East and South East England have seen their competitiveness eroded. It is difficult to attribute this directly to the demise of the RDAs, as the post-2008 financial crisis will clearly have played a role. In reality, it is likely that the confluence of both factors will have affected this situation, resulting in the 'Golden Triangle' beginning to somewhat lose its shimmer. The same is likely to be true with regard to the continued divergence in the performance of localities in the most and least prosperous regions of England.

Although LEPs have been introduced they have lacked the funding power of the RDAs, and do not appear to have taken forward some of the improvements in regional economic capacity and capability that were beginning to become apparent prior to their demise. In particular, the RDAs gave regions, and England as a whole, the opportunity to diversify Britain's economy away from its dependence on the financial sector through supporting other industries in both the manufacturing and service sectors. The evidence from the preceding analysis indicates that this opportunity has not been embraced, with the spatial distribution of economic competitiveness in England suggesting that the reverse is actually the case.

Outside of the England, there is little to suggest that the economic powers and institutions endowed on Scotland and Wales have allowed their localities to compete any more effectively with their English counterparts. This points to the limitations of political institutions in promoting economic development within places ill-equipped to compete in a post-industrial economic environment. Indeed, it could be suggested that devolved governments have had the effect of being institutional constrainers, rather than enablers, of competitiveness. To finish on a more optimistic note, it should be stated that the above does not imply that the majority of Britain is economically bankrupt, but that there is a continuing and growing divide between relatively more or less competitive places. However, place-based competition is increasingly global in nature and all localities and regions must find their own niche and economic model within this environment, with the most effective role for economic development institutions being to act a guiding light that ensures sustainable economic models are established.



# UK Competitiveness Index 2013

In the table below localities are presented in rank order.

Locality	Region	2010	Rank 2010	2013	Rank 2013
City of London	London	688.4	1	773.6	1
Westminster	London	202.5	2	203.4	2
Camden	London	160.9	3	160.0	3
Southwark	London	125.1	10	145.1	4
Kensington and Chelsea	London	133.6	7	141.1	5
Hammersmith and Fulham	London	141.0	4	140.0	6
Islington	London	137.5	5	131.6	7
Tower Hamlets	London	137.1	6	131.2	8
Wandsworth	London	129.1	8	126.5	9
Windsor and Maidenhead	South East	125.4	9	123.6	10
Mole Valley	South East	123.1	12	123.3	11
Reading	South East	117.0	22	123.0	12
Spelthorne	South East	108.0	61	121.3	13
South Bucks	South East	123.3	11	120.6	14
Cambridge	East of England	113.0	35	119.8	15
West Berkshire	South East	122.0	13	119.7	16
Lambeth	London	119.5	17	119.1	17
Richmond upon Thames	London	120.6	14	119.0	18
Aberdeen City	Scotland	116.2	25	118.4	19
Elmbridge	South East	119.9	15	118.1	20
Waverley	South East	115.0	31	117.0	21
Guildford	South East	117.1	21	116.7	22
Hounslow	London	115.3	28	116.3	23
Bracknell Forest	South East	117.4	20	115.9	24
Epsom and Ewell	South East	110.9	48	115.7	25
Winchester	South East	115.2	29	115.5	26
Surrey Heath	South East	116.1	26	115.4	27
Reigate and Banstead	South East	111.7	42	115.2	28
Hackney	London	119.1	18	115.0	29
Watford	East of England	111.6	44	114.8	30
Edinburgh, City of	Scotland	109.8	52	114.7	31
Hillingdon	London	113.8	34	114.4	32
Hertsmere	East of England	111.5	45	113.9	33
Wokingham	South East	119.8	16	113.6	34
Test Valley	South East	109.7	53	113.0	35
Runnymede	South East	118.9	19	113.0	36
Aberdeenshire	Scotland	105.0	83	112.8	37
Chiltern	South East	112.8	38	112.4	38
St Albans	East of England	116.4	24	112.3	39
Wycombe	South East	115.2	30	111.3	40
Woking	South East	114.4	32	110.9	41
East Hampshire	South East	105.7	76	110.9	42
Milton Keynes	South East	112.9	37	110.8	43



Hart	South East	112.0	41	110.4	44
Chichester	South East	105.0	84	110.1	45
Stratford-on-Avon	West Midlands	111.7	43	110.0	46
Bristol, City of	South West	105.6	77	109.7	47
South Cambridgeshire	East of England	114.2	33	109.7	48
Oxford	South East	106.6	69	109.5	49
Slough	South East	110.7	49	109.3	50
Barnet	London	106.5	71	108.8	51
South Oxfordshire	South East	109.0	57	108.7	52
East Hertfordshire	East of England	112.9	36	108.6	53
Sevenoaks	South East	104.3	93	108.5	54
Welwyn Hatfield	East of England	115.6	27	108.5	55
Basingstoke and Deane	South East	108.1	60	108.2	56
Tunbridge Wells	South East	105.8	75	108.1	57
Vale of White Horse	South East	112.0	40	108.0	58
Haringey	London	105.2	81	107.8	59
Ealing	London	107.0	67	107.2	60
Brentwood	East of England	105.6	78	107.2	61
Dacorum	East of England	105.5	79	107.0	62
Aylesbury Vale	South East	110.1	51	107.0	63
Uttlesford	East of England	116.4	23	106.9	64
North Hertfordshire	East of England	108.6	58	106.9	65
Harrow	London	105.8	73	106.7	66
Harborough	East Midlands	104.7	87	106.6	67
Horsham	South East	107.7	62	106.5	68
Warwick	West Midlands	112.3	39	106.4	69
Cheltenham	South West	107.6	63	106.1	70
Merton	London	108.3	59	106.1	71
Cheshire East	North West	104.5	90	106.0	72
Brent	London	103.4	101	105.9	73
Stevenage	East of England	104.8	86	105.9	74
Fareham	South East	97.2	174	105.6	75
Cherwell	South East	109.2	56	105.5	76
Kingston upon Thames	London	111.2	46	105.4	77
West Oxfordshire	South East	105.1	82	105.0	78
Cotswold	South West	106.6	70	104.6	79
Trafford	North West	107.5	65	104.5	80
Lewisham	London	104.5	89	104.4	81
Mid Sussex	South East	109.4	55	104.4	82
Bath and North East Somerset	South West	101.8	122	104.3	83
Brighton and Hove	South East	105.8	74	103.9	84
Stroud	South West	103.4	102	103.9	85
Huntingdonshire	East of England	103.3	104	103.8	86
Rushmoor	South East	111.1	47	103.8	87
Eden	North West	98.2	164	103.3	88
Ribble Valley	North West	99.8	137	103.0	89

Rugby	West Midlands	106.5	72	102.8	90
Swindon	South West	107.0	66	102.7	91
Tandridge	South East	106.8	68	102.7	92
Manchester	North West	99.1	149	102.7	93
Chelmsford	East of England	103.7	96	102.7	94
Crawley	South East	109.4	54	102.7	95
South Northamptonshire	East Midlands	104.7	88	102.6	96
Shetland Islands	Scotland	102.7	112	102.5	97
Tewkesbury	South West	107.5	64	102.4	98
Derby	East Midlands	99.9	136	102.3	99
Ashford	South East	102.1	117	102.2	100
Three Rivers	East of England	110.3	50	102.2	101
Broxbourne	East of England	103.4	103	102.1	102
Dartford	South East	101.9	119	102.1	103
Warrington	North West	103.3	106	101.7	104
Newham	London	95.7	196	101.5	105
Epping Forest	East of England	104.0	95	101.3	106
Copeland	North West	98.4	161	101.2	107
Greenwich	London	94.7	211	101.2	108
Norwich	East of England	101.9	120	101.1	109
Cheshire West & Chester	North West	102.1	116	100.9	110
Stirling	Scotland	101.9	118	100.9	111
Croydon	London	101.2	125	100.7	112
Craven	Yorkshire and Humber	101.3	124	100.6	113
Daventry	East Midlands	103.5	98	100.6	114
Exeter	South West	101.1	126	100.5	115
Solihull	West Midlands	99.9	135	100.4	116
New Forest	South East	97.2	175	100.4	117
Ryedale	Yorkshire and Humber	101.9	121	100.4	118
Rutland	East Midlands	100.8	129	100.3	119
Stockport	North West	102.9	109	100.2	120
St Edmundsbury	East of England	103.5	99	100.1	121
Poole	South West	99.6	140	100.0	122
Maidstone	South East	103.5	100	100.0	123
Glasgow City	Scotland	96.4	184	99.8	124
Wychavon	West Midlands	99.1	148	99.6	125
East Cambridgeshire	East of England	100.1	133	99.5	126
Bromley	London	102.8	110	99.4	127
York	Yorkshire and Humber	99.0	152	99.4	128
South Hams	South West	96.6	181	99.2	129
Harrogate	Yorkshire and Humber	103.3	105	99.1	130
Bedford	East of England	100.4	132	99.0	131
Forest Heath	East of England	93.2	233	99.0	132
West Dorset	South West	99.2	146	99.0	133
Colchester	East of England	98.3	162	99.0	134
South Lakeland	North West	98.9	153	98.9	135

North West Leicestershire	East Midlands	101.6	123	98.8	136
Melton	East Midlands	95.3	203	98.7	137
Hambleton	Yorkshire and Humber	104.5	91	98.7	138
Redbridge	London	98.3	163	98.7	139
Leeds	Yorkshire and Humber	97.6	170	98.4	140
Tonbridge and Malling	South East	99.3	143	98.3	141
Eastleigh	South East	104.9	85	98.2	142
Northampton	East Midlands	102.7	111	98.2	143
Worthing	South East	99.1	150	98.1	144
East Dorset	South West	98.0	165	98.1	145
Basildon	East of England	96.8	179	97.9	146
Malvern Hills	West Midlands	98.4	159	97.8	147
Hinckley and Bosworth	East Midlands	95.6	198	97.7	148
North Somerset	South West	102.2	115	97.7	149
Suffolk Coastal	East of England	99.6	141	97.6	150
Kettering	East Midlands	93.6	229	97.5	151
Enfield	London	96.0	189	97.5	152
Orkney Islands	Scotland	99.2	145	97.5	153
Gloucester	South West	96.9	178	97.4	154
Stafford	West Midlands	98.5	156	97.4	155
Monmouthshire	Wales	97.3	173	97.4	156
Maldon	East of England	99.7	138	97.2	157
Portsmouth	South East	95.2	205	97.1	158
Wiltshire	South West	100.9	128	97.1	159
Preston	North West	98.4	160	97.0	160
East Staffordshire	West Midlands	95.5	200	96.9	161
Selby	Yorkshire and Humber	97.6	168	96.6	162
South Gloucestershire	South West	105.4	80	96.5	163
West Devon	South West	96.4	183	96.5	164
Bournemouth	South West	100.5	131	96.3	165
Lewes	South East	98.6	155	96.3	166
Havant	South East	95.1	206	96.2	167
Derbyshire Dales	East Midlands	104.5	92	96.2	168
Nottingham	East Midlands	94.1	220	96.1	169
Mendip	South West	96.5	182	96.0	170
Perth & Kinross	Scotland	97.1	177	95.9	171
West Somerset	South West	94.4	214	95.9	172
Wellingborough	East Midlands	95.9	191	95.8	173
North Devon	South West	97.4	171	95.8	174
South Norfolk	East of England	98.9	154	95.7	175
Fylde	North West	102.3	114	95.7	176
Taunton Deane	South West	102.9	108	95.6	177
Cardiff	Wales	99.0	151	95.4	178
Lichfield	West Midlands	100.6	130	95.3	179
East Northamptonshire	East Midlands	96.2	186	95.2	180
Rossendale	North West	87.2	324	95.2	181



Newark and Sherwood	East Midlands	92.7	244	95.2	182
Braintree	East of England	98.4	157	95.2	183
North Warwickshire	West Midlands	102.3	113	95.1	184
Renfrewshire	Scotland	95.9	192	95.1	185
Newcastle upon Tyne	North East	94.0	221	95.0	186
Bassetlaw	East Midlands	90.0	285	95.0	187
Chorley	North West	95.7	197	94.9	188
Calderdale	Yorkshire and Humber	92.4	252	94.9	189
Peterborough	East of England	99.3	144	94.8	190
Highland	Scotland	103.7	97	94.8	191
Shepway	South East	94.1	219	94.8	192
Bexley	London	96.0	190	94.7	193
Wealden	South East	99.4	142	94.7	194
Southampton	South East	92.6	249	94.7	195
Luton	East of England	93.0	241	94.6	196
South Somerset	South West	97.2	176	94.6	197
Falkirk	Scotland	94.2	218	94.6	198
Bromsgrove	West Midlands	97.4	172	94.5	199
Central Bedfordshire	East of England	99.6	139	94.5	200
Babergh	East of England	96.1	188	94.5	201
Richmondshire	Yorkshire and Humber	93.6	230	94.4	202
West Lothian	Scotland	93.7	226	94.4	203
Waltham Forest	London	94.7	212	94.2	204
Canterbury	South East	96.1	187	94.2	205
Amber Valley	East Midlands	93.4	232	94.0	206
Worcester	West Midlands	97.7	166	94.0	207
Broadland	East of England	93.7	227	93.8	208
Charnwood	East Midlands	96.8	180	93.8	209
Havering	London	95.9	193	93.8	210
Allerdale	North West	89.6	291	93.6	211
North Dorset	South West	97.6	169	93.6	212
Purbeck	South West	99.2	147	93.5	213
Coventry	West Midlands	95.8	195	93.5	214
South Ayrshire	Scotland	94.3	217	93.4	215
West Lancashire	North West	91.1	266	93.4	216
Shropshire	West Midlands	94.9	207	93.4	217
Moray	Scotland	94.3	215	93.4	218
Barking and Dagenham	London	87.2	322	93.3	219
Leicester	East Midlands	91.9	259	93.3	220
High Peak	East Midlands	100.0	134	93.2	221
Rushcliffe	East Midlands	104.1	94	93.2	222
Ipswich	East of England	92.6	251	93.1	223
Christchurch	South West	95.4	202	93.0	224
North Kesteven	East Midlands	89.6	292	92.9	225
Bury	North West	90.2	278	92.8	226
East Devon	South West	89.9	288	92.5	227

Adur	South East	95.3	204	92.4	228
Salford	North West	94.4	213	92.4	229
Birmingham	West Midlands	89.5	293	92.4	230
Corby	East Midlands	92.6	246	92.4	231
Flintshire	Wales	95.8	194	92.3	232
The Vale of Glamorgan	Wales	91.6	264	92.2	233
Harlow	East of England	103.2	107	92.1	234
Darlington	North East	92.2	256	92.1	235
Chesterfield	East Midlands	93.7	228	92.0	236
Forest of Dean	South West	93.2	234	92.0	237
Mid Devon	South West	96.3	185	91.9	238
Southend-on-Sea	East of England	92.7	245	91.9	239
Arun	South East	90.5	274	91.9	240
Teignbridge	South West	92.6	248	91.8	241
Thurrock	East of England	90.0	286	91.8	242
Blaby	East Midlands	101.0	127	91.8	243
Broxtowe	East Midlands	89.9	287	91.7	244
Lancaster	North West	92.2	254	91.7	245
Lincoln	East Midlands	91.5	265	91.7	246
Sutton	London	98.4	158	91.6	247
Angus	Scotland	92.8	243	91.6	248
Carlisle	North West	90.5	273	91.6	249
Eastbourne	South East	94.3	216	91.5	250
Herefordshire, County of	West Midlands	97.7	167	91.5	251
Midlothian	Scotland	92.1	258	91.5	252
Gravesham	South East	90.1	279	91.4	253
North Lincolnshire	Yorkshire and Humber	92.6	247	91.4	254
Sheffield	Yorkshire and Humber	92.2	253	91.3	255
Rochford	East of England	95.4	201	91.3	256
Swale	South East	92.2	255	91.3	257
Halton	North West	90.7	271	91.3	258
North Norfolk	East of England	89.0	297	91.2	259
Torridge	South West	85.6	341	91.2	260
Mid Suffolk	East of England	94.8	210	91.0	261
Redditch	West Midlands	93.9	223	91.0	262
Newport	Wales	92.6	250	90.8	263
South Lanarkshire	Scotland	90.9	269	90.7	264
Liverpool	North West	87.8	316	90.7	265
South Ribble	North West	95.5	199	90.7	266
East Lothian	Scotland	90.5	272	90.6	267
Eilean Siar	Scotland	93.7	225	90.5	268
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	East of England	90.1	280	90.4	269
South Kesteven	East Midlands	93.1	237	90.4	270
Argyll & Bute	Scotland	93.0	239	90.4	271
Stockton-on-Tees	North East	89.6	290	90.1	272
Gateshead	North East	89.4	295	90.1	273

South Derbyshire	East Midlands	94.0	222	89.9	274
Scottish Borders	Scotland	91.1	267	89.9	275
Dundee City	Scotland	91.7	261	89.6	276
Powys	Wales	93.5	231	89.6	277
North East Lincolnshire	Yorkshire and Humber	86.9	328	89.6	278
East Riding of Yorkshire	Yorkshire and Humber	94.8	209	89.4	279
Plymouth	South West	88.5	304	89.2	280
Bridgend	Wales	87.2	323	89.2	281
Barrow-in-Furness	North West	90.8	270	89.1	282
Sedgemoor	South West	91.9	260	89.0	283
Rother	South East	93.0	240	88.8	284
Fenland	East of England	91.7	262	88.7	285
Fife	Scotland	89.4	294	88.7	286
Inverclyde	Scotland	87.9	314	88.7	287
Dumfries & Galloway	Scotland	93.1	236	88.7	288
Kirklees	Yorkshire and Humber	90.4	275	88.6	289
Telford and Wrekin	West Midlands	89.8	289	88.6	290
East Dunbartonshire	Scotland	92.9	242	88.5	291
Gwynedd	Wales	89.0	296	88.3	292
Breckland	East of England	87.3	321	88.3	293
Burnley	North West	83.4	357	88.2	294
Wrexham	Wales	91.6	263	88.1	295
Staffordshire Moorlands	West Midlands	93.8	224	88.1	296
Cornwall	South West	88.7	302	88.0	297
Pendle	North West	84.0	354	88.0	298
Wakefield	Yorkshire and Humber	88.1	311	87.8	299
Medway	South East	90.0	283	87.8	300
Wolverhampton	West Midlands	87.5	319	87.6	301
Hyndburn	North West	82.8	362	87.6	302
North Tyneside	North East	91.0	268	87.4	303
Denbighshire	Wales	87.9	313	87.2	304
Great Yarmouth	East of England	87.2	325	87.2	305
South Holland	East Midlands	86.1	339	87.1	306
Hastings	South East	86.8	329	87.1	307
Weymouth and Portland	South West	82.9	361	87.0	308
Dover	South East	92.1	257	87.0	309
West Lindsey	East Midlands	87.1	326	86.9	310
Oadby and Wigston	East Midlands	90.0	284	86.9	311
Ceredigion	Wales	86.8	330	86.5	312
North Lanarkshire	Scotland	88.7	301	86.5	313
Thanet	South East	85.5	343	86.5	314
East Renfrewshire	Scotland	90.0	282	86.4	315
Erewash	East Midlands	90.2	277	86.4	316
Isle of Wight	South East	88.6	303	86.3	317
Bradford	Yorkshire and Humber	88.3	310	86.3	318
Pembrokeshire	Wales	93.1	238	86.2	319

Wyre	North West	88.7	300	86.2	320
Conwy	Wales	83.4	358	86.0	321
East Ayrshire	Scotland	86.2	336	85.9	322
Anglesey	Wales	85.7	340	85.9	323
Hartlepool	North East	82.1	367	85.9	324
Gedling	East Midlands	93.2	235	85.8	325
Northumberland	North East	88.4	307	85.8	326
Cannock Chase	West Midlands	86.2	337	85.8	327
West Dunbartonshire	Scotland	83.9	355	85.7	328
Clackmannanshire	Scotland	88.0	312	85.7	329
Tameside	North West	86.8	331	85.7	330
Middlesbrough	North East	83.8	356	85.6	331
Wyre Forest	West Midlands	88.9	298	85.5	332
North East Derbyshire	East Midlands	88.3	309	85.4	333
South Staffordshire	West Midlands	94.8	208	85.3	334
Torbay	South West	81.4	371	85.2	335
Blackburn with Darwen	North West	86.6	333	85.1	336
Nuneaton and Bedworth	West Midlands	87.6	317	85.0	337
Scarborough	Yorkshire and Humber	90.3	276	85.0	338
Doncaster	Yorkshire and Humber	84.1	353	84.8	339
East Lindsey	East Midlands	84.8	346	84.8	340
Carmarthenshire	Wales	88.4	305	84.4	341
Bolton	North West	87.6	318	84.4	342
Swansea	Wales	86.5	335	84.4	343
St. Helens	North West	86.9	327	84.4	344
Kingston upon Hull, City of	Yorkshire and Humber	82.2	365	84.3	345
Dudley	West Midlands	86.5	334	84.2	346
Castle Point	East of England	87.9	315	84.2	347
County Durham	North East	85.5	344	84.2	348
Newcastle-under-Lyme	West Midlands	84.5	348	84.2	349
Neath Port Talbot	Wales	82.2	366	84.1	350
Wigan	North West	85.3	345	83.8	351
Waveney	East of England	88.4	306	83.8	352
Rochdale	North West	84.5	349	83.7	353
Barnsley	Yorkshire and Humber	82.8	363	83.7	354
Stoke-on-Trent	West Midlands	82.0	368	83.6	355
Sandwell	West Midlands	81.8	369	83.4	356
Tendring	East of England	82.6	364	83.3	357
Tamworth	West Midlands	88.3	308	83.2	358
Rotherham	Yorkshire and Humber	86.7	332	83.0	359
Boston	East Midlands	88.8	299	83.0	360
Bolsover	East Midlands	84.2	350	82.9	361
Wirral	North West	84.6	347	82.9	362
Sunderland	North East	84.2	351	82.8	363
Mansfield	East Midlands	86.2	338	82.6	364
Ashfield	East Midlands	87.4	320	81.9	365



Sefton	North West	83.2	359	81.9	366
Oldham	North West	82.9	360	81.8	367
Merthyr Tydfil	Wales	77.4	378	81.8	368
South Tyneside	North East	79.0	375	81.8	369
Walsall	West Midlands	84.1	352	81.4	370
Knowsley	North West	78.5	377	81.2	371
Redcar and Cleveland	North East	80.7	372	81.1	372
North Ayrshire	Scotland	85.6	342	81.0	373
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	Wales	81.6	370	80.6	374
Gosport	South East	90.0	281	80.6	375
Torfaen	Wales	80.6	373	80.3	376
Blackpool	North West	79.6	374	79.4	377
Caerphilly	Wales	79.0	376	78.5	378
Blaenau Gwent	Wales	73.4	379	71.7	379



# UK Competitiveness Index 2013

In the table below localities are grouped by region and then placed in rank order.

Locality	Region	2010	Rank 2010	2013	Rank 2013
Localities in the East Midlands					
Harborough	East Midlands	104.7	87	106.6	67
South Northamptonshire	East Midlands	104.7	88	102.6	96
Derby	East Midlands	99.9	136	102.3	99
Daventry	East Midlands	103.5	98	100.6	114
Rutland	East Midlands	100.8	129	100.3	119
North West Leicestershire	East Midlands	101.6	123	98.8	136
Melton	East Midlands	95.3	203	98.7	137
Northampton	East Midlands	102.7	111	98.2	143
Hinckley and Bosworth	East Midlands	95.6	198	97.7	148
Kettering	East Midlands	93.6	229	97.5	151
Derbyshire Dales	East Midlands	104.5	92	96.2	168
Nottingham	East Midlands	94.1	220	96.1	169
Wellingborough	East Midlands	95.9	191	95.8	173
East Northamptonshire	East Midlands	96.2	186	95.2	180
Newark and Sherwood	East Midlands	92.7	244	95.2	182
Bassetlaw	East Midlands	90.0	285	95.0	187
Amber Valley	East Midlands	93.4	232	94.0	206
Charnwood	East Midlands	96.8	180	93.8	209
Leicester	East Midlands	91.9	259	93.3	220
High Peak	East Midlands	100.0	134	93.2	221
Rushcliffe	East Midlands	104.1	94	93.2	222
North Kesteven	East Midlands	89.6	292	92.9	225
Corby	East Midlands	92.6	246	92.4	231
Chesterfield	East Midlands	93.7	228	92.0	236
Blaby	East Midlands	101.0	127	91.8	243
Broxtowe	East Midlands	89.9	287	91.7	244
Lincoln	East Midlands	91.5	265	91.7	246
South Kesteven	East Midlands	93.1	237	90.4	270
South Derbyshire	East Midlands	94.0	222	89.9	274
South Holland	East Midlands	86.1	339	87.1	306
West Lindsey	East Midlands	87.1	326	86.9	310
Oadby and Wigston	East Midlands	90.0	284	86.9	311
Erewash	East Midlands	90.2	277	86.4	316
Gedling	East Midlands	93.2	235	85.8	325
North East Derbyshire	East Midlands	88.3	309	85.4	333
East Lindsey	East Midlands	84.8	346	84.8	340
Boston	East Midlands	88.8	299	83.0	360
Bolsover	East Midlands	84.2	350	82.9	361
Mansfield	East Midlands	86.2	338	82.6	364
Ashfield	East Midlands	87.4	320	81.9	365

Localities in the East of England					
Cambridge	East of England	113.0	35	119.8	15
Watford	East of England	111.6	44	114.8	30
Hertsmere	East of England	111.5	45	113.9	33
St Albans	East of England	116.4	24	112.3	39
South Cambridgeshire	East of England	114.2	33	109.7	48
East Hertfordshire	East of England	112.9	36	108.6	53
Welwyn Hatfield	East of England	115.6	27	108.5	55
Brentwood	East of England	105.6	78	107.2	61
Dacorum	East of England	105.5	79	107.0	62
Uttlesford	East of England	116.4	23	106.9	64
North Hertfordshire	East of England	108.6	58	106.9	65
Stevenage	East of England	104.8	86	105.9	74
Huntingdonshire	East of England	103.3	104	103.8	86
Chelmsford	East of England	103.7	96	102.7	94
Three Rivers	East of England	110.3	50	102.2	101
Broxbourne	East of England	103.4	103	102.1	102
Epping Forest	East of England	104.0	95	101.3	106
Norwich	East of England	101.9	120	101.1	109
St Edmundsbury	East of England	103.5	99	100.1	121
East Cambridgeshire	East of England	100.1	133	99.5	126
Bedford	East of England	100.4	132	99.0	131
Forest Heath	East of England	93.2	233	99.0	132
Colchester	East of England	98.3	162	99.0	134
Basildon	East of England	96.8	179	97.9	146
Suffolk Coastal	East of England	99.6	141	97.6	150
Maldon	East of England	99.7	138	97.2	157
South Norfolk	East of England	98.9	154	95.7	175
Braintree	East of England	98.4	157	95.2	183
Peterborough	East of England	99.3	144	94.8	190
Luton	East of England	93.0	241	94.6	196
Central Bedfordshire	East of England	99.6	139	94.5	200
Babergh	East of England	96.1	188	94.5	201
Broadland	East of England	93.7	227	93.8	208
Ipswich	East of England	92.6	251	93.1	223
Harlow	East of England	103.2	107	92.1	234
Southend-on-Sea	East of England	92.7	245	91.9	239
Thurrock	East of England	90.0	286	91.8	242
Rochford	East of England	95.4	201	91.3	256
North Norfolk	East of England	89.0	297	91.2	259
Mid Suffolk	East of England	94.8	210	91.0	261
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	East of England	90.1	280	90.4	269
Fenland	East of England	91.7	262	88.7	285
Breckland	East of England	87.3	321	88.3	293
Great Yarmouth	East of England	87.2	325	87.2	305
Castle Point	East of England	87.9	315	84.2	347



Waveney	East of England	88.4	306	83.8	352
Tendring	East of England	82.6	364	83.3	357
Localities in London					
City of London	London	688.4	1	773.6	1
Westminster	London	202.5	2	203.4	2
Camden	London	160.9	3	160.0	3
Southwark	London	125.1	10	145.1	4
Kensington and Chelsea	London	133.6	7	141.1	5
Hammersmith and Fulham	London	141.0	4	140.0	6
Islington	London	137.5	5	131.6	7
Tower Hamlets	London	137.1	6	131.2	8
Wandsworth	London	129.1	8	126.5	9
Lambeth	London	119.5	17	119.1	17
Richmond upon Thames	London	120.6	14	119.0	18
Hounslow	London	115.3	28	116.3	23
Hackney	London	119.1	18	115.0	29
Hillingdon	London	113.8	34	114.4	32
Barnet	London	106.5	71	108.8	51
Haringey	London	105.2	81	107.8	59
Ealing	London	107.0	67	107.2	60
Harrow	London	105.8	73	106.7	66
Merton	London	108.3	59	106.1	71
Brent	London	103.4	101	105.9	73
Kingston upon Thames	London	111.2	46	105.4	77
Lewisham	London	104.5	89	104.4	81
Newham	London	95.7	196	101.5	105
Greenwich	London	94.7	211	101.2	108
Croydon	London	101.2	125	100.7	112
Bromley	London	102.8	110	99.4	127
Redbridge	London	98.3	163	98.7	139
Enfield	London	96.0	189	97.5	152
Bexley	London	96.0	190	94.7	193
Waltham Forest	London	94.7	212	94.2	204
Havering	London	95.9	193	93.8	210
Barking and Dagenham	London	87.2	322	93.3	219
Sutton	London	98.4	158	91.6	247
Localities in the North East					
Newcastle upon Tyne	North East	94.0	221	95.0	186
Darlington	North East	92.2	256	92.1	235
Stockton-on-Tees	North East	89.6	290	90.1	272
Gateshead	North East	89.4	295	90.1	273
North Tyneside	North East	91.0	268	87.4	303
Hartlepool	North East	82.1	367	85.9	324
Northumberland	North East	88.4	307	85.8	326
Middlesbrough	North East	83.8	356	85.6	331
County Durham	North East	85.5	344	84.2	348

Sunderland	North East	84.2	351	82.8	363
South Tyneside	North East	79.0	375	81.8	369
Redcar and Cleveland	North East	80.7	372	81.1	372
Localities in the North West					
Cheshire East	North West	104.5	90	106.0	72
Trafford	North West	107.5	65	104.5	80
Eden	North West	98.2	164	103.3	88
Ribble Valley	North West	99.8	137	103.0	89
Manchester	North West	99.1	149	102.7	93
Warrington	North West	103.3	106	101.7	104
Copeland	North West	98.4	161	101.2	107
Cheshire West & Chester	North West	102.1	116	100.9	110
Stockport	North West	102.9	109	100.2	120
South Lakeland	North West	98.9	153	98.9	135
Preston	North West	98.4	160	97.0	160
Fylde	North West	102.3	114	95.7	176
Rossendale	North West	87.2	324	95.2	181
Chorley	North West	95.7	197	94.9	188
Allerdale	North West	89.6	291	93.6	211
West Lancashire	North West	91.1	266	93.4	216
Bury	North West	90.2	278	92.8	226
Salford	North West	94.4	213	92.4	229
Lancaster	North West	92.2	254	91.7	245
Carlisle	North West	90.5	273	91.6	249
Halton	North West	90.7	271	91.3	258
Liverpool	North West	87.8	316	90.7	265
South Ribble	North West	95.5	199	90.7	266
Barrow-in-Furness	North West	90.8	270	89.1	282
Burnley	North West	83.4	357	88.2	294
Pendle	North West	84.0	354	88.0	298
Hyndburn	North West	82.8	362	87.6	302
Wyre	North West	88.7	300	86.2	320
Tameside	North West	86.8	331	85.7	330
Blackburn with Darwen	North West	86.6	333	85.1	336
Bolton	North West	87.6	318	84.4	342
St. Helens	North West	86.9	327	84.4	344
Wigan	North West	85.3	345	83.8	351
Rochdale	North West	84.5	349	83.7	353
Wirral	North West	84.6	347	82.9	362
Sefton	North West	83.2	359	81.9	366
Oldham	North West	82.9	360	81.8	367
Knowsley	North West	78.5	377	81.2	371
Blackpool	North West	79.6	374	79.4	377

Localities in Scotland					
Aberdeen City	Scotland	116.2	25	118.4	19
Edinburgh, City of	Scotland	109.8	52	114.7	31
Aberdeenshire	Scotland	105.0	83	112.8	37
Shetland Islands	Scotland	102.7	112	102.5	97
Stirling	Scotland	101.9	118	100.9	111
Glasgow City	Scotland	96.4	184	99.8	124
Orkney Islands	Scotland	99.2	145	97.5	153
Perth & Kinross	Scotland	97.1	177	95.9	171
Renfrewshire	Scotland	95.9	192	95.1	185
Highland	Scotland	103.7	97	94.8	191
Falkirk	Scotland	94.2	218	94.6	198
West Lothian	Scotland	93.7	226	94.4	203
South Ayrshire	Scotland	94.3	217	93.4	215
Moray	Scotland	94.3	215	93.4	218
Angus	Scotland	92.8	243	91.6	248
Midlothian	Scotland	92.1	258	91.5	252
South Lanarkshire	Scotland	90.9	269	90.7	264
East Lothian	Scotland	90.5	272	90.6	267
Eilean Siar	Scotland	93.7	225	90.5	268
Argyll & Bute	Scotland	93.0	239	90.4	271
Scottish Borders	Scotland	91.1	267	89.9	275
Dundee City	Scotland	91.7	261	89.6	276
Fife	Scotland	89.4	294	88.7	286
Inverclyde	Scotland	87.9	314	88.7	287
Dumfries & Galloway	Scotland	93.1	236	88.7	288
East Dunbartonshire	Scotland	92.9	242	88.5	291
North Lanarkshire	Scotland	88.7	301	86.5	313
East Renfrewshire	Scotland	90.0	282	86.4	315
East Ayrshire	Scotland	86.2	336	85.9	322
West Dunbartonshire	Scotland	83.9	355	85.7	328
Clackmannanshire	Scotland	88.0	312	85.7	329
North Ayrshire	Scotland	85.6	342	81.0	373
Localities in the South East					
Windsor and Maidenhead	South East	125.4	9	123.6	10
Mole Valley	South East	123.1	12	123.3	11
Reading	South East	117.0	22	123.0	12
Spelthorne	South East	108.0	61	121.3	13
South Bucks	South East	123.3	11	120.6	14
West Berkshire	South East	122.0	13	119.7	16
Elmbridge	South East	119.9	15	118.1	20
Waverley	South East	115.0	31	117.0	21
Guildford	South East	117.1	21	116.7	22
Bracknell Forest	South East	117.4	20	115.9	24
Epsom and Ewell	South East	110.9	48	115.7	25
Winchester	South East	115.2	29	115.5	26

Surrey Heath	South East	116.1	26	115.4	27
Reigate and Banstead	South East	111.7	42	115.2	28
Wokingham	South East	119.8	16	113.6	34
Test Valley	South East	109.7	53	113.0	35
Runnymede	South East	118.9	19	113.0	36
Chiltern	South East	112.8	38	112.4	38
Wycombe	South East	115.2	30	111.3	40
Woking	South East	114.4	32	110.9	41
East Hampshire	South East	105.7	76	110.9	42
Milton Keynes	South East	112.9	37	110.8	43
Hart	South East	112.0	41	110.4	44
Chichester	South East	105.0	84	110.1	45
Oxford	South East	106.6	69	109.5	49
Slough	South East	110.7	49	109.3	50
South Oxfordshire	South East	109.0	57	108.7	52
Sevenoaks	South East	104.3	93	108.5	54
Basingstoke and Deane	South East	108.1	60	108.2	56
Tunbridge Wells	South East	105.8	75	108.1	57
Vale of White Horse	South East	112.0	40	108.0	58
Aylesbury Vale	South East	110.1	51	107.0	63
Horsham	South East	107.7	62	106.5	68
Fareham	South East	97.2	174	105.6	75
Cherwell	South East	109.2	56	105.5	76
West Oxfordshire	South East	105.1	82	105.0	78
Mid Sussex	South East	109.4	55	104.4	82
Brighton and Hove	South East	105.8	74	103.9	84
Rushmoor	South East	111.1	47	103.8	87
Tandridge	South East	106.8	68	102.7	92
Crawley	South East	109.4	54	102.7	95
Ashford	South East	102.1	117	102.2	100
Dartford	South East	101.9	119	102.1	103
New Forest	South East	97.2	175	100.4	117
Maidstone	South East	103.5	100	100.0	123
Tonbridge and Malling	South East	99.3	143	98.3	141
Eastleigh	South East	104.9	85	98.2	142
Worthing	South East	99.1	150	98.1	144
Portsmouth	South East	95.2	205	97.1	158
Lewes	South East	98.6	155	96.3	166
Havant	South East	95.1	206	96.2	167
Shepway	South East	94.1	219	94.8	192
Wealden	South East	99.4	142	94.7	194
Southampton	South East	92.6	249	94.7	195
Canterbury	South East	96.1	187	94.2	205
Adur	South East	95.3	204	92.4	228
Arun	South East	90.5	274	91.9	240
Eastbourne	South East	94.3	216	91.5	250



Gravesham	South East	90.1	279	91.4	253
Swale	South East	92.2	255	91.3	257
Rother	South East	93.0	240	88.8	284
Medway	South East	90.0	283	87.8	300
Hastings	South East	86.8	329	87.1	307
Dover	South East	92.1	257	87.0	309
Thanet	South East	85.5	343	86.5	314
Isle of Wight	South East	88.6	303	86.3	317
Gosport	South East	90.0	281	80.6	375
Localities in the South West					
Bristol, City of	South West	105.6	77	109.7	47
Cheltenham	South West	107.6	63	106.1	70
Cotswold	South West	106.6	70	104.6	79
Bath and North East Somerset	South West	101.8	122	104.3	83
Stroud	South West	103.4	102	103.9	85
Swindon	South West	107.0	66	102.7	91
Tewkesbury	South West	107.5	64	102.4	98
Exeter	South West	101.1	126	100.5	115
Poole	South West	99.6	140	100.0	122
South Hams	South West	96.6	181	99.2	129
West Dorset	South West	99.2	146	99.0	133
East Dorset	South West	98.0	165	98.1	145
North Somerset	South West	102.2	115	97.7	149
Gloucester	South West	96.9	178	97.4	154
Wiltshire	South West	100.9	128	97.1	159
South Gloucestershire	South West	105.4	80	96.5	163
West Devon	South West	96.4	183	96.5	164
Bournemouth	South West	100.5	131	96.3	165
Mendip	South West	96.5	182	96.0	170
West Somerset	South West	94.4	214	95.9	172
North Devon	South West	97.4	171	95.8	174
Taunton Deane	South West	102.9	108	95.6	177
South Somerset	South West	97.2	176	94.6	197
North Dorset	South West	97.6	169	93.6	212
Purbeck	South West	99.2	147	93.5	213
Christchurch	South West	95.4	202	93.0	224
East Devon	South West	89.9	288	92.5	227
Forest of Dean	South West	93.2	234	92.0	237
Mid Devon	South West	96.3	185	91.9	238
Teignbridge	South West	92.6	248	91.8	241
Torridge	South West	85.6	341	91.2	260
Plymouth	South West	88.5	304	89.2	280
Sedgemoor	South West	91.9	260	89.0	283
Cornwall	South West	88.7	302	88.0	297
Weymouth and Portland	South West	82.9	361	87.0	308
Torbay	South West	81.4	371	85.2	335

Localities in Wales					
Monmouthshire	Wales	97.3	173	97.4	156
Cardiff	Wales	99.0	151	95.4	178
Flintshire	Wales	95.8	194	92.3	232
The Vale of Glamorgan	Wales	91.6	264	92.2	233
Newport	Wales	92.6	250	90.8	263
Powys	Wales	93.5	231	89.6	277
Bridgend	Wales	87.2	323	89.2	281
Gwynedd	Wales	89.0	296	88.3	292
Wrexham	Wales	91.6	263	88.1	295
Denbighshire	Wales	87.9	313	87.2	304
Ceredigion	Wales	86.8	330	86.5	312
Pembrokeshire	Wales	93.1	238	86.2	319
Conwy	Wales	83.4	358	86.0	321
Anglesey	Wales	85.7	340	85.9	323
Carmarthenshire	Wales	88.4	305	84.4	341
Swansea	Wales	86.5	335	84.4	343
Neath Port Talbot	Wales	82.2	366	84.1	350
Merthyr Tydfil	Wales	77.4	378	81.8	368
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	Wales	81.6	370	80.6	374
Torfaen	Wales	80.6	373	80.3	376
Caerphilly	Wales	79.0	376	78.5	378
Blaenau Gwent	Wales	73.4	379	71.7	379
Localities in the West Midlands					
Stratford-on-Avon	West Midlands	111.7	43	110.0	46
Warwick	West Midlands	112.3	39	106.4	69
Rugby	West Midlands	106.5	72	102.8	90
Solihull	West Midlands	99.9	135	100.4	116
Wychavon	West Midlands	99.1	148	99.6	125
Malvern Hills	West Midlands	98.4	159	97.8	147
Stafford	West Midlands	98.5	156	97.4	155
East Staffordshire	West Midlands	95.5	200	96.9	161
Lichfield	West Midlands	100.6	130	95.3	179
North Warwickshire	West Midlands	102.3	113	95.1	184
Bromsgrove	West Midlands	97.4	172	94.5	199
Worcester	West Midlands	97.7	166	94.0	207
Coventry	West Midlands	95.8	195	93.5	214
Shropshire	West Midlands	94.9	207	93.4	217
Birmingham	West Midlands	89.5	293	92.4	230
Herefordshire, County of	West Midlands	97.7	167	91.5	251
Redditch	West Midlands	93.9	223	91.0	262
Telford and Wrekin	West Midlands	89.8	289	88.6	290
Staffordshire Moorlands	West Midlands	93.8	224	88.1	296
Wolverhampton	West Midlands	87.5	319	87.6	301
Cannock Chase	West Midlands	86.2	337	85.8	327
Wyre Forest	West Midlands	88.9	298	85.5	332

South Staffordshire	West Midlands	94.8	208	85.3	334
Nuneaton and Bedworth	West Midlands	87.6	317	85.0	337
Dudley	West Midlands	86.5	334	84.2	346
Newcastle-under-Lyme	West Midlands	84.5	348	84.2	349
Stoke-on-Trent	West Midlands	82.0	368	83.6	355
Sandwell	West Midlands	81.8	369	83.4	356
Tamworth	West Midlands	88.3	308	83.2	358
Walsall	West Midlands	84.1	352	81.4	370
<b>Localities in Yorkshire and the Humber</b>					
Craven	Yorkshire and Humber	101.3	124	100.6	113
Ryedale	Yorkshire and Humber	101.9	121	100.4	118
York	Yorkshire and Humber	99.0	152	99.4	128
Harrogate	Yorkshire and Humber	103.3	105	99.1	130
Hambleton	Yorkshire and Humber	104.5	91	98.7	138
Leeds	Yorkshire and Humber	97.6	170	98.4	140
Selby	Yorkshire and Humber	97.6	168	96.6	162
Calderdale	Yorkshire and Humber	92.4	252	94.9	189
Richmondshire	Yorkshire and Humber	93.6	230	94.4	202
North Lincolnshire	Yorkshire and Humber	92.6	247	91.4	254
Sheffield	Yorkshire and Humber	92.2	253	91.3	255
North East Lincolnshire	Yorkshire and Humber	86.9	328	89.6	278
East Riding of Yorkshire	Yorkshire and Humber	94.8	209	89.4	279
Kirklees	Yorkshire and Humber	90.4	275	88.6	289
Wakefield	Yorkshire and Humber	88.1	311	87.8	299
Bradford	Yorkshire and Humber	88.3	310	86.3	318
Scarborough	Yorkshire and Humber	90.3	276	85.0	338
Doncaster	Yorkshire and Humber	84.1	353	84.8	339
Kingston upon Hull, City of	Yorkshire and Humber	82.2	365	84.3	345
Barnsley	Yorkshire and Humber	82.8	363	83.7	354
Rotherham	Yorkshire and Humber	86.7	332	83.0	359

